

MEDIA RELEASE

Cody Ellingham, 1 March 2018

Exhibition captures decline of Tokyo's ultramodern dreams

Japan is famed for its ultramodern cityscapes. But what happens when the ultramodern becomes old? A New Zealand photographer has turned his lens to decaying Tokyo apartments to find out with the launch of his second international exhibition.

<u>DANCHI DREAMS</u> will launch on May 12 at a former factory turned into a gallery in the Tokyo district of Koto. It is the work of Cody Ellingham, now a Tokyo-based photographer who found fame in 2017 with his <u>DERIVE</u> series of futuristic Tokyo cityscapes.

Mr Ellingham's latest exhibition saw him explore around 40 large Japanese public housing blocks known as 'danchi' ('group land') over the past year, visiting at dusk and early evening.

Mr Ellingham said he initially saw danchi as "mountains of steel and concrete". They are often built in clusters, sometimes in "sleeper towns" of up to 70 buildings, each numbered rather than named, with each apartment the same as its neighbours from the outside.

"The exhibition was inspired by places. It started as an interest in form, but it's evolved into an interest in why – the way place influences lives. In a way it's quite Kafka-esque – you have the same life as the person next door to you.

"The personality is superficial, you feel like it could be cleaned away in a moment. Sometimes there were flowers or decorations outside the doors, but you can imagine someone is going to come and clean them away, and then it will be gone."

Mr Ellingham said while his interest in danchi started as an aesthetic fascination, it progressed toward the history and social significance of the residences, once proud but now solemn and decaying. Part of his goal is to record a history that could be lost.

The apartment buildings replaced wooden dwellings destroyed during World War II, and to cope with rapidly growing urban populations. They were originally a vision of a harmonious new life. Hibarigaoka danchi even attracted an unprecedented visit from Japan's Crown Prince in 1960, Mr Ellingham said - though the building is now a carpark.

"Talking to older people, danchi were a dream for them. Something to aspire to. The old houses were little villages made from earth and wood. Danchi represented a new and modern way of life. If you go back to the 1960s, this was how people saw the future."

The demographic of danchi-dwellers has changed since the 1960s. Today, the apartments are largely inhabited by immigrants and the elderly. Although he visited at a time where most people were home, he rarely saw people and was never approached for conversation.

Mr Ellingham said danchi were now seen as archaic and sterile. Even the most desirable often have tiny rooms and no elevators. A lot of danchi aren't up to modern earthquake or fire standards, and in 15-20 years, many are likely to be demolished to make way for the latest ultramodern building boom.

But despite the anonymous, 'carbon-copy' lifestyle of the fading monoliths, he sees beauty rather than despair in the buildings, which for many people are the only home they know.

"There's a certain kind of nostalgia in these places. The look of it is cold concrete, but deep down, you find glimmers of hope, playgrounds, mural art, community facilities, and the original dream: that tomorrow will be better than yesterday."

Mr Ellingham is seeking gallery space to take his vision of danchi to the international stage following the Tokyo exhibition.

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All images used by media must be credited to Cody Ellingham.

Media are invited to attend the exhibition launch on 12 May, which will be held at a former factory located in the Tokyo suburb of Koto-ku. Please RSVP to Cody Ellingham if you wish to attend.

For more information, high resolution images, or to request an interview, contact:

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